Solution to Problem 3.2

Imbedding the Markov Chain at the customer departure instants, we can write the Markov Chain as

$$n_{i+1} = K + a_{i+1} - 1$$
 $n_i = 0$
= $n_i + a_{i+1} - 1$ $n_i \ge 1$ or $n_{i+1} = n_i + a_{i+1} - 1 + K[1 - U(n_i)]$

Under equilibrium conditions, taking expectations of both sides of the above, we can get the probability of the system being empty as

$$p_0 = \frac{1 - I\overline{X}}{K}$$
 \overline{X} = mean service time

The generating function P(z) of the number in the system may be found by taking the expectation of z^n as

$$P(z) = \frac{(1 - \mathbf{r})(1 - z^{K})A(z)}{K(A(z) - z)} \quad \text{with } A(z) = L_{B}(\mathbf{l} - \mathbf{l}z)$$

where $L_B(s)$ as the L.T. of the pdf of the service duration.