EE 679, Queueing Systems (2000-01F) Test -2, September 11, 2000

Max. Marks = 25	Time = 60 minutes
Attempt both problems	

1. Consider an M/M/1 system with parameters λ and μ where the customers are impatient. Specifically, on arrival, a customer estimates its queuing time w and then either joins the queue with probability exp(- α w) or leaves without service with probability [1 - exp(- α w)]. The estimate is w=k/ μ when the arrival finds k users in the system. Assume α >0.

(a) Find the state distribution of the system at equilibrium. [5]

(b) What will be the distribution of system state as seen by an *arriving customer who actually joins the system*? [5]

Note: The result of (b) will involve summing a series for which a closed form expression is not available.

2. The Head, EE has asked Prof. Joshi to register students in the ACES Conference Room. Prof. Joshi gets a student registered in an exponentially distributed time interval with mean $2/\mu$. He is however known to get very upset if he does not have any additional help when there are *K* or more students in the room (including the one being registered)! When that happens, he calls Mr. Gupta from the EE Office to help in the registration process. Mr. Gupta can also register a student in an exponentially distributed time interval with mean $2/\mu$. When Mr. Gupta is in the Conference Room, both Prof. Joshi and Mr. Gupta work in parallel to register students. However, Mr Gupta does not quite like this job and manages to return to the EE Office whenever there are no students in the ACES Conference Room. (He gets called again when the number in the room reaches K.) Assume that (a) the ACES Conference Room has an *infinite* number of chairs for waiting students, (b) Prof. Joshi and Mr. Gupta both work in a *FCFS* manner and that (c) the students wishing to register arrive from a *Poisson process* with rate **1**.

(a) With a proper definition of system state, draw the state transition diagram of the above queuing situation. [3]

Do the following only for the special case of K=2 Use **r=1/m**

(b) For your states as in (a), obtain the state probabilities of the system.	[5]
(c) What will be the mean number of students in the ACES Conference Room?	[3]
(d) What is the probability that Prof. Joshi is working on student registration?	[2]
(e) What is the probability that Mr. Gupta is working on student registration?	[2]