

EE 633

Quiz -II

Maximum Marks 10

1. Mean number of jobs in a batch =  $0.25 + 0.25(2) + 0.5(3) = 2.25$

$$P\{\text{randomly selected job is first job of a batch}\} = \frac{1}{2.25} = 0.444$$

$$P\{\text{randomly selected job is second job of a batch}\} = \frac{0.75}{2.25} = 0.333$$

$$P\{\text{randomly selected job is first job of a batch}\} = \frac{0.5}{2.25} = 0.222$$

$$\text{Mean Batch Service Time} = \bar{X} = \alpha(1) + 0.75\beta(1) + 0.5\gamma(1) \quad \rho = \lambda \bar{X}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{X^2} &= 0.25\overline{X_1^2} + 0.25\overline{(X_1 + X_2)^2} + 0.5\overline{(X_1 + X_2 + X_3)^2} \\ &= \overline{X_1^2} + 0.75\overline{X_2^2} + 0.5\overline{X_3^2} + 1.5\overline{X_1 X_2} + \overline{X_2 X_3} + \overline{X_1 X_3} \\ &= \alpha(2) + 0.75\beta(2) + 0.5\gamma(2) + 1.5\alpha(1)\beta(1) + \beta(1)\gamma(1) + \alpha(1)\gamma(1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} L_B(s) &= 0.25L_\alpha(s) + 0.25L_\alpha(s)L_\beta(s) + 0.5L_\alpha(s)L_\beta(s)L_\gamma(s) \\ &= 0.25L_\alpha(s) \left[ 1 + L_\beta(s) + 2L_\beta(s)L_\gamma(s) \right] \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, using  $\rho$ ,  $\bar{X}^2$  and  $L_B(s)$  from above, for a batch considered as one "job", we get

$$L_{W_{qb}}(s) = \frac{s(1-\rho)}{s - \lambda + \lambda L_B(s)}$$

$$W_{qb} = \frac{\lambda \bar{X}^2}{2(1-\rho)}$$

Using these, for an arbitrarily chosen job, we will get

$$\begin{aligned} W_q &= W_{qb} + \frac{0.75}{2.25} \alpha(1) + \frac{0.5}{2.25} [\alpha(1) + \beta(1)] \\ &= W_{qb} + \frac{1.25}{2.25} \alpha(1) + \frac{0.5}{2.25} \beta(1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{and } L_{W_q}(s) = L_{W_{qb}}(s) \left[ \frac{1}{2.25} + \frac{0.75}{2.25} L_\alpha(s) + \frac{0.5}{2.25} L_\alpha(s)L_\beta(s) \right]$$

$$2. \quad 0.5(0.25\lambda_2 + 0.5\lambda_1) = \lambda_2 = \lambda_3 \Rightarrow \lambda_2 = \lambda_3 = 0.286\lambda_1 \quad \lambda_4 = 2\lambda + 0.25\lambda_2 = 2\lambda + 0.071\lambda_1$$

$$\lambda_1 = \lambda + \lambda_3 + \lambda_4 = 3\lambda + 0.357\lambda_1 \Rightarrow \lambda_1 = 4.666\lambda$$

Therefore,  $\tilde{\lambda} = (4.666\lambda, 1.334\lambda, 1.334\lambda, 2.331\lambda)$       *Sanity Check* =  $\lambda_x + \lambda_y = 3\lambda$

(a) For the network to be stable, we require  $4.666\lambda < \mu$  or  $\rho < 0.214$

(b)  $\tilde{\lambda} = (0.9332, 0.2668, 0.2668, 0.4662)$   
 $\tilde{\rho} = (0.9332, 0.2668, 0.2668, 0.4662)$   
 $\tilde{N} = (13.97, 0.364, 0.364, 0.873)$   
 $\tilde{W} = (14.97, 1.364, 1.364, 1.873)$

Average number of jobs in the system = 15.571

**Mean Transit Time from A or B and leaving from X or Y = 15.571 / (0.6) = 25.952**

To calculate the Mean Transit Time for jobs entering from A and leaving from X or Y, set  $\lambda_B = 0$

Then  $0.5(0.25\lambda_2 + 0.5\lambda_1) = \lambda_2 = \lambda_3 \Rightarrow \lambda_2 = \lambda_3 = 0.286\lambda_1 \quad \lambda_4 = 0.25\lambda_2 = 0.071\lambda_1$   
 $\lambda_1 = \lambda + \lambda_3 + \lambda_4 = \lambda + 0.357\lambda_1 \Rightarrow \lambda_1 = 1.555\lambda = 0.311$

$$\tilde{\lambda} = (0.311, 0.089, 0.089, 0.022)$$

Visit Ratios  $\tilde{V}^* = (1.555, 0.445, 0.445, 0.11)$

**Mean Transit Time from A and leaving from X or Y**

$$= 1.555 * 14.97 + 0.445 * 1.364 + 0.445 * 1.364 + 0.11 * 1.873$$

$$= \mathbf{24.698}$$